

Streetball

Streetball (Neologismus aus *street* und *basketball*) ist eine Variante der Sportart Basketball, die ursprünglich aus US-amerikanischen Großstädten stammt. Seit den 1990ern ist sie auch in Europa sehr beliebt. Das Regelwerk des Streetball unterscheidet sich nur geringfügig von Basketball.

Allgemeines und Geschichte

Mit *Streetball* wird allgemein mehr als nur *street basketball* assoziiert; der Begriff steht mittlerweile für eine spezielle Jugendkultur.

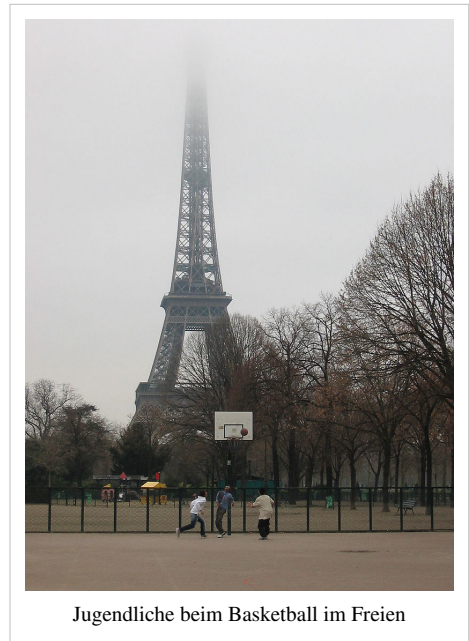
Beim *Streetball* hat jeder Basketballplatz seine eigenen Regeln, weil sich dieser Sport voll und ganz nach den Spielern und deren Einigung untereinander richtet. Hoch angesehen werden Tricks mit dem Ball, weil sie von höchster Ballkontrolle zeugen. Grenzen werden dabei nur durch die Kreativität gesetzt und es gilt: je akrobatischer, schneller, flüssiger und unvorhersehbarer die Tricks sind, desto besser werden sie gewertet und desto effektiver sind sie, weil sie den Gegenspieler verwirren. Es wird versucht den Gegenspieler auszutricksen, damit er nicht mehr weiß wo sich der Ball befindet oder wo er aufkommt (*Ankle-Breaker*) und der Spieler dann an ihm vorbei zum Korb ziehen kann. Simples Vorbeiziehen durch Gegenlehnen des Rückens zählt jedoch nicht dazu. Als besonders trickreich gilt das Spielen des Balles durch die Beine des Gegenspielers.

Als Ursprungsort des Streetball wird in der Regel New York bezeichnet, insbesondere der bekannte Freiplatz im Rucker Park.

Unterschiede zum Basketball

Die Unterschiede zum Basketball in der Halle sind folgende:

- es wird meistens drei gegen drei auf einen Korb gespielt, aber auch 1 gegen 1 (1on1) oder 2 gegen 2.
- es wird ohne Schiedsrichter gespielt – es gilt "*offense calls*" (der Angreifer sagt das Foul an)
- ein Korb aus dem Feld zählt einen Punkt statt zwei, hinter der Drei-Punkte-Linie zwei statt drei Punkte
- es wird selten auf Zeit, sondern meist bis zu einer festgelegten Punktzahl gespielt (in der Regel bis 11, 15 oder 21)
- es gibt keinen Sprungball. Wer zuerst in Ballbesitz ist, entscheidet üblicherweise das Auswerfen von der Drei-Punkte-Linie
- nach einem Korb bekommt entweder der Angreifer den Ball ("*Winners' Ball*", oder auch "*make it, take it*"), oder der Verteidiger ("*Losers' Ball*", "*do it, lose it*")
- nach einem Korberfolg wird der Ball dem Gegner meist mit einem Bodenpass übergeben (*Check*)
- nach einem Defensivrebound muss der Ball hinter die "2-Punktlinie" (im normalen Basketball ist dies die "3-Punktlinie") gebracht werden
- Nach einem Ballbesitzwechsel sollte der Ball mindestens 2 mal unter dem angreifenden Team gepasst werden, bevor der Korbversuch beginnen kann ("Pflichtpass")



Jugendliche beim Basketball im Freien

Streetballvarianten

- *do it, lose it* oder *Lucky Loser* - nach jedem Korberfolg wechselt der Ballbesitz. Dies ist - zumindest nach den Regeln des Deutschen Basketballbundes die regelgerechte und offizielle Art, Streetball zu spielen.
- *make it, take it* (auch Bonus genannt) - die Mannschaft, die den Korb erzielt hat, darf ein weiteres Mal angreifen. Diese Variante macht das Spiel für die Mannschaft, die gerade in der Verteidigung (*Defense*) ist, um einiges schwerer als bei *give and get*.
- *one on one* oder *1 on 1* - Bei dieser Variante des Streetball wird ein 1 gegen 1 Spiel auf einen Korb ausgetragen.

Streetball-Tricks

- **Backbreaker:** Beim *backbreaker* wird der Ball in gebeugter Haltung quer hinter dem Rücken durch die eigenen Beine gedribbelt.
- **Boomerang:** Der *boomerang* bezeichnet das Vortäuschen eines Passes über den Kopf des Gegners. Hierbei ist man sehr dicht am Gegner dran und hält den Ball mit einer Hand fest. Anschließend schwingt man den Ball hinter den Kopf des Gegners und wieder zu sich zurück. Bei entsprechender Geschwindigkeit suggeriert die Bewegung dem Gegenspieler einen Pass über seinem Kopf worauf er sich (meistens) umdreht, obwohl der Ball immer noch beim Spieler ist. Für diesen sogenannten *Move* gibt es verschiedene Variationen.
- **Bounce Hypnotizer:** Bei diesem Move wird mit dem Ball eine gewisse Zeit gedribbelt, bevor man ihn mit sehr viel Kraft hinter dem Rücken auf den Boden wirft. Wenn man nun wiederum sehr dicht am Gegner ist, fliegt der Ball hinter dem eigenen Rücken über den Gegenspieler, der durch das dichte Deckungsspiel und dem hohen Flugwinkel des Balles diesen Pass nicht bemerkt.
- **Crossover:** Der *crossover* ist eines der beliebtesten Bewegungen im Streetball wie auch im Basketball. Hierbei wird lediglich ein Vorbeispielen am Gegner vorgetäuscht um dann genau die andere Seite zu benutzen. Beispiel: Man täuscht an, rechts am Gegner vorbeizuspielen, läuft dann aber links lang. Bei hohem Tempo und geeigneter Geschwindigkeit der Bewegung ist es für den Gegenspieler nur sehr schwer möglich seine Verteidigung (*Defense*) zu halten. Wenn der Gegner umfällt, gilt dies dann als *ankle-breaker* oder *down-you-go*. Es gibt auch zahlreiche andere Variationen des crossovers, bei dem das Antäuschen das primäre Ziel ist.
- **Slip 'n Slide:** Beim *slip 'n slide* rollt der Spieler sich auf den Boden während er dabei noch den Ball dribbelt. Dabei hält der Spieler den Ball in der linken Hand und dreht sich anschließend.
- **Through the legs:** Hierbei wird der Ball durch die Beine des Gegners gespielt. Bei professionellen Spielern stellt dieser Move eine Herausforderung dar.
- **Tiptop:** Der *tiptop* ist eine Variation des boomerangs. Hierbei wird der Ball über dem Kopf des Gegners so angedreht, dass dieser senkrecht über den Spieler fliegt. Auch hierbei wird ein Pass vorgetäuscht, jedoch bleibt der Ball wieder beim Spieler.

Literatur

- André Voigt: *Wo die Seele wohnt...*, in: *Five* 19, 2005, S. 68-71.

Weblinks

- Streetball League - Die nationale Streetball-Liga ^[1]
- Offizielle Streetballregeln des Deutschen Basketballbundes ^[2]
- Streetball.co.uk ^[3]
- Germany's only true streetball movement ^[4]
- Courts Of The World ^[5] Weltweites Verzeichnis von Streetball-Plätzen
- Schwabacher Streetballnacht ^[6]

Referenzen

- [1] <http://www.streetball-league.de/>
 - [2] <http://www.ta7.de/txt/sport/spor0032.htm>
 - [3] <http://www.streetball.co.uk/>
 - [4] <http://www.germanysfinest.de>
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